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RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1909.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY: FAIR.

PRICE TWO CENTS

# PEARY KEPT SECRET DISCOVERY OF POLE

## Did Not Tell Whitney He Reached Top of Earth.

## FOLLOWS LEAD OF RIVAL, COOK

## The "Roosevelt" Arrives in New York and Commanded by Peary, Will Share in Great Naval Parade—Cook Banquet Called Off.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
SYDNEY, N. S., September 30.—Among the passengers brought in by the Bruce this morning from Newfoundland was Harry Payne Whitney, the hunter who has become famous through his connection with the Cook-Peary controversy.  
"Although I had spent eight days with Peary on his return to Etah from the north, in August," he said, "I did not learn of his claim to having discovered the pole until I reached Inland Harbor ten days ago."  
"Peary told me he had been further north than any other man, but did not say he had reached the pole. Of course I was surprised when I learned that he had been there."  
"Dr. Cook, who had gone up the previous year, had put ashore his stores at Annatok, thirty-two miles further north, and Peary also took over charge of these stores, which were in a similar house. He put in charge of these two places Boatswain John Murphy and Steward William Pritchard, of his steamer Roosevelt, and I occupied the two houses with them."  
"The two houses were built of wooden boxes which contained the stores for the explorers. Cook's house was more or less demolished by the winds, as Frank, whom Cook had left in charge, had gone south early in the summer, and on his return the place was somewhat damaged. Peary's men rebuilt Cook's house on a different site. Boatswain Murphy, who could neither read nor write, had a letter from Peary directing him to give Dr. Cook every assistance if he came along and was in need of it, and it likewise directed him to organize a relief expedition to cross the north polar ice to Ellesmere Land, and search for Cook."  
"Some time in April last, one day as the three of us were looking out from Etah, we saw a small boat on the ice crossing Smith's Sound. I soon saw it was a white man and two Eskimos. The white man introduced himself to me as Dr. Cook, and I told him I was Peary. All three were pretty well worn out."  
"We made Cook as comfortable as possible, and there is no truth in the statement that Cook was not let in by Murphy. Cook did express his surprise and asked us to let him see Peary having taken over his stores and assuming virtual ownership of what was there."  
"The next morning Cook told me, in the presence of Pritchard, that he had been at the pole; that he had reached there in April, 1908, and described his experience in the polar journey, and afterwards he put me on my word of honor not to tell Peary this, and told me that I was merely to say to Peary that Cook had gone further north than Peary, and that he had reached the pole after spending two days with us at Annatok. Cook journeyed south to Etah, where he spent two or three days, and then he went on towards Upernivik. I accompanied him to Etah. His reason for doing this, he said, was that he hurried south to get a Danish steamer or whaler. He had figured out roughly the dates when these ships might be about, and he wished to make sure of connecting with one. Before he left he handed over to me certain of his belongings. They included three boxes of instruments, one sextant, and another containing articles and articles, and a third, the contents of which I do not recall exactly—it might have been a chronometer. Besides these, he packed up several boxes, two of which contained clothing, and others contained other effects belonging to him. He left with me no diaries or records that I am aware of, unless they were among the contents of the boxes."

## Cook Comes Back.

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## "Roosevelt" Arrives.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Looking in outward appearance like a vessel that had reached the ice, the steamer Roosevelt, which bore Commander Peary on his quest of the North Pole, entered New York harbor to-day. It was barely daylight when the lookouts described the vessel off Sandy Hook, coming slowly. Off the point of the Hook the Roosevelt gave three triumphant screams of her siren and ran up the Peary Arctic flag at her masthead, then the flag of the New York Yacht Club at her fore and the American ensign at her main.  
Commander Peary's ship arrived in the nick of time to participate in the closing exercises of the Fulton-Hudson celebration.  
Still clad in the rough clothes worn on the Arctic trip, although his furs had been laid aside, Captain Bartlett stood on his quarter deck this afternoon and acted as spokesman for the party. Acting under instructions from Commander Peary, the crew and the scientists and others aboard him, he made the salute to the Roosevelt and then lay ashore until they are released by the chief of the expedition.  
No doubt of it, said Captain Bartlett, "that the Stars and Stripes have been hailed to the North Pole, and no doubt that Mr. Peary was there. Peary got there because he is the only man the Eskimos will follow out of sight of land. They say he is 'Pe-Uk' (meaning next to God)."  
Asked if it would be possible for Dr. Cook to send an expedition to recover his records, Captain Bartlett declared that it would have to be a very "smart trip" to get there this year. "Only to rescue starving men," he said.

(Continued on Page Two—Column 1)

# TAKE BODY HOME TO HOLD AUTOPSY

## Change Indicates That Garthrights Will Enter Suit Against Miss Walker for Damages.

Indications point strongly to the belief that civil action will be brought against Miss Mary L. Walker, of 930 Park Avenue, for the death of Mrs. Mary Goodwin Garthright, of Malden, Goodhue county, who died at the Memorial Hospital Tuesday, after having been run over more than a week before by an automobile driven by Miss Walker.  
Immediately after Mrs. Garthright's death it was the purpose of Coroner Taylor to hold an autopsy, but members of the family objected, so the body was sent home. Yesterday, however, it seems that the family suddenly changed and decided to have an autopsy held at the home. Accordingly, Thomas M. Garthright, Jr., telegraphed Dr. Taylor yesterday afternoon, as follows:  
"Autopsy over the remains of Mrs. M. G. Garthright to be held this evening at 7 o'clock at her late residence. Please notify Mr. Walker at 930 Park Avenue. Will meet train from Richmond this evening. Important for you to come."

## Notified Mr. Walker.

Dr. Taylor replied that it would be impossible for him to be present. He said last night that he could be of possible service in his official capacity, as the case was then out of his jurisdiction. He notified Mr. Walker of the telegram, but he did not go or send a representative, not thinking it necessary to take any further action just now.  
Efforts were made last night to hear the result of the autopsy, but no communication with Malden could be had. The decision in favor of an autopsy was evidently made yesterday. The coroner's jury yesterday exonerated Miss Walker of any criminal blame for the accident. The jury did not give any specific cause for Mrs. Garthright's death because no autopsy had been held. At the Memorial Hospital last night it was said that a few minutes before her death the patient was apparently well as well as had been for several days, and that she gave every indication of having died of heart failure.  
Miss Walker will appear in the Police court to-morrow morning to answer to the charge of recklessly driving an automobile and causing the death of Mrs. Garthright. This will end the case so far as any criminal action is concerned, but it remains to be seen whether or not a civil suit will be instituted.

# TAMMANY SUPREME

## Has Its Own Way in Convention and Nominates Gaynor.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Justice W. C. Gaynor, of the New York State Supreme Court, was today nominated for Mayor of Greater New York by the Democratic City Convention. The nomination was made by a great demonstration. Tammany had its own way at the convention, which was held at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel. The platform adopted by the Democratic convention deals broadly with national, State and municipal questions, and maintains an air of objectivity and objecting to any interference in local affairs by the State Legislature.  
The mayoralty fight, Justice Gaynor's chief opponent will be Otto T. Nannard, president of the New York Trust Company, who was nominated by the Tammany faction. Nannard, who has some assurance of support from the fusionists. There yet remains the possibility that the Independence League will make the contest a triangular one by naming a separate candidate.  
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# INSANITY THE PLEA

## Friends of Murderer and His Victim Think Former Was Crazy.

GLASGOW, KY., September 30.—Mortimer J. Wicks, a wealthy farmer, shot John W. Montgomery, Republican candidate for the Legislature and one of the most prominent men of this State, in the tragedy at insanity, the men having been lifelong neighbors.  
Montgomery had gone to Wicks's home on business, and while there he induced Wicks to pool his hares. After the papers were signed, Montgomery, Wicks and another neighbor were seated in a room conversing. When Wicks arose and went up stairs. After a few moments Wicks returned with a shotgun, and when within a few feet of his victim, who was looking in another direction, leveled the gun and fired the charge taking effect in the back of Montgomery's head, killing him instantly.

# SYNDICATE CONTINUED

## Fetish People Are Expected to Start Competitive War.

BERLIN, September 30.—The German fetish syndicate, which was temporarily prolonged in July until an arrangement could be made with the Soudanese, Acherseben and Elengit tribes respecting their African contracts, was finally completed to-night without the three mentioned.  
These tribes, immediately after the expiration of the old syndicate, made big contracts with American interests at their own terms. The syndicate tried to induce these syndicates to turn over their American contracts to the central authority, but negotiations in this direction failed and the other members decided to-night to continue the old organization. It is expected that the syndicate will immediately begin price-cutting in the American market.

# NEW MANAGER FOR WEDNESDAY CLUB

## W. L. Radcliffe Signs Contract to Conduct Its Music Festival.

## MORGAN, JOMELLI AND OTHERS COME

## Pittsburg Festival Orchestra Supplants Damrosch, Terms of Agreement Calling for Greatest Cast and Chorus Ever Assembled Here.

REAKING away from the old policy of former years, the directors of the Wednesday Club have signed a contract with W. L. Radcliffe, by which he will assume all management of the Music Festival next spring and summer. The new manager, who is a native of the city, has secured the services of the Pittsburg Festival Orchestra, Carl Bernthaler, conductor, and with Tallie Morgan as director of the great chorus which will be formed from local talent. Mr. Morgan will come here in November to begin the first rehearsal.  
To Secure Many Artists.  
In addition to Madame Jomelli, prima donna, soprano; Miss Alice Merritt, soprano; Miss Lilla Snelling, contralto, of the Metropolitan Opera Company; Dr. Frank Croton, tenor, and Frank Croton, basso, Mr. Radcliffe is under contract to engage one or two artists of international reputation who will help make the festival next year the greatest ever given in Richmond.  
The fact that Mr. Radcliffe has secured Mr. Morgan as musical director is regarded as a master stroke by the music-loving people of the city. Mr. Morgan is a native of the city and has been in charge of the chorus continuously until the festival engagement is closed.  
Calls for three concerts.  
Even within the other Wednesday Club directors believe that a high-class concert, or series of concerts, would be a great help to the festival. The great Jomelli, the Pittsburg Festival Orchestra and the chorus, which Mr. Morgan has secured, will be the main attraction. The festival will be held at the city auditorium, and the effort all along has been to present something better than heretofore—something which will be a new thing in the city. The festival will be held at the city auditorium, and the effort all along has been to present something better than heretofore—something which will be a new thing in the city.

# Local Option Results.

## Vote in Roanoke.

For license.....1,644  
Against license.....1,575  
Wet majority.....69  
The local option election at Roanoke was held at a majority of three for license.  
An election on the saloon question will be held at Woodstock to-day.

# ROANOKE REMAINS IN SALOON COLUMN

## Prohibition Forces Put to Rout in Local Option Battle.

## ELECTION JUDGE IS UNDER ARREST

## Contest May Be Made on Ground of Fraud—Rocky Mount Votes to Retain Saloon—Woodstock Will Decide To-day—"Wet" Victory in Indiana.

ROANOKE, VA., September 30.—Roanoke was carried by the "wets" to-day by a sixty-nine majority. A very heavy vote was polled in all the wards, the total being 3,219, of which the wets received 1,644, and the dries, 1,575. The wets carried three wards—Jefferson, Kimball and Melrose—while the "dries" carried Highland Ward. The latter ward was conceded to the dries, and gave 151 majority. The dries also carried one precinct of Jefferson Ward by fifty-two.  
The election passed off quietly excepting in Kimball Ward, which gave a majority for the wets in the previous election. The dries had their leaders in this ward to watch the election, including James D. Johnston, president of the local Anti-Saloon League. Trouble began early this morning when the judges refused to allow a number of voters to vote whose names did not correspond with those on the list. Judge Staples went to the scene and the matter was straightened out.  
Later Harry Day, a challenger for the dries, charged W. J. Camper, one of the judges, with trying to put a dry vote in the ballot box, and Rev. R. J. Dogan declared that Camper acted in a suspicious manner. Mr. Camper denied that he was guilty of anything of the kind and he was sustained by the judges, who ordered Day to leave the polls.  
Later the Anti-Saloon League decided to issue a warrant for Mr. Camper. The warrant was written by Judge Jackson and signed by Judge Jackson. It was turned over to the police, who recognized that it was a delicate matter and referred it to Mayor Cutchin. That official declared that the warrant could not be served until after duties of the judge were over. He went over into the ward, where the dries were gathered severely.

# RECORD BROKEN AGAIN

## Mauretania Clips Forty-Four Minutes From Transatlantic Time.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Forty-four minutes more was clipped from the transatlantic record by the Cunard liner Mauretania, which arrived this morning at Liverpool. The ship, which was captained by Mr. J. W. Moore, made the trip in 11 days 15 hours and 51 minutes at an average speed of 26.06 knots an hour. Her best previous trip was 4 days 11 hours 33 minutes, and the average speed record held heretofore stood at 25.37 knots an hour. The Lusitania's best performance is 4 days 11 hours 42 minutes.  
Among the passengers were eleven of the Pilgrims' team of English football players. They will play several games with American eleven during their stay in this country.

# DAMAGE SUITS PROPOSED

## Court Is Asked for Permission to Sue for \$125,000.

ANDERSON, S. C., September 30.—Anderson attorneys to-day made application to Federal Judge Pritchard for the right to institute damage suits against the Anderson Traction Company aggregating \$125,000, resulting from the collision of a trolley car with an automobile last June.  
In this accident J. H. Cobb, superintendent of the Belton Cotton Mills, and the sentence imposed on Abraham C. Rev. E. D. Richardson were killed and Rev. E. A. McDowell was injured.  
Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Richardson each ask for \$125,000. Mr. McDowell asks for \$25,000. The traction company was placed in the hands of receivers several months ago by Judge Pritchard, and the property is advertised for sale on October 12 next.

# PRISON FOR EBY

## Burkeville Mayor Is Sentenced to Elkhart Prison at Atlanta and a Fine of \$1.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 30.—Eighteen months in the government prison at Atlanta and a fine of \$1 was the sentence imposed on Abraham Eby, formerly Mayor of Burkeville, Va., who was convicted recently of using the mails to extort money from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Sentence was imposed by Judge McDowell in the United States District Court.  
Eby's letters to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company threatened the destruction by dynamite of the Norfolk and Western Railroad unless he was paid \$450,000. Eby was lured to Philadelphia by means of an advertisement in The Richmond Times-Dispatch and arrested. At the trial his counsel pleaded insanity as a defense.

# CLIMAX REACHED IN GREAT PARADE

## Millions Cheer Themselves Hoarse as Soldiers Pass.

## MIGHTY OVATION FOR THE GERMANS

## To-Day Clermont and Half Moon Will Sail Up the Hudson, Where Celebration Will Be Continued for Week. Will Have Brave Escort.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Twenty-five thousand men of arms to-day marched past the massed representatives and special envoys of thirty-seven nations, while 2,000,000 citizens shouted themselves hoarse in cheers.  
The great military parade was the climax of the Hudson-Fulton celebration. Although there were tremendous ovations for each body of American troops and unstinted applause in overwhelming volume for the British sailors, the most conspicuous reception of the day went to the sailors of the German fleet, a picked body of magnificent men, who, as they reached the reviewing stand, fell into the most stately of parade goose-step and burst into "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," with an overwhelming volume of brasses and a fervor which took away the breath of the listeners.  
There was ample evidence to-day that whatever may be the interest in historic pageants and parades of merchant ships past anchored men-of-war—gold braid, bugles and the roll of drums have lost none of their fascination for the great mass of the public.  
For the first time during the Hudson-Fulton celebration, all the small towns within striking distance of New York sent representatives to-day to watch the parade pass the court of honor and the official reviewing stand—the sailors and marines of seven visiting nations, the regular soldiers of the United States, the national guard and the naval militia of the United States and the police of New York City.  
Greatest in History.  
So many men representing so many branches of the war departments of the world have not been seen on American streets before; so many wearing American colors have not been seen since the days of the Civil War. The total count of those in line to-day outnumbered the enlisted roll of the American army before the Spanish-American War. Four thousand four hundred police kept the crowd in line.  
To-night marked the climax, so far as spectacles go, of the celebration in Greater New York. There remains the carnival parade, but though different in character, it does not vary in essence from the historical pageant of last Tuesday.  
The airship and aeroplane flights will continue, but the public has already had a first taste of them, and to-night will be the departure up the river of a party of the light concourse, which, more than any one thing, has drawn the crowd and given the celebration international dignity.  
The torpedo flotilla, submarines and naval auxiliaries, with one of the light draught scout cruisers, followed by a parade of merchant craft, will leave to-morrow to escort the Half Moon and the Clermont on their present voyage to New York, where they will be formally turned over to the celebration's "Upper Hudson Division," which will continue the festivities for a week to come.

# WAR DEPARTMENT COMES TO AID OF CIVIL VICTIMS.

## WASHINGTON, D. C., September 30.—By direction of the Secretary of War, General W. W. Witherspoon, acting chief of staff, to-day authorized the issue of 40,000 blankets to be sent to the cyclone sufferers in Terrebonne Parish, La. This action was taken in response to a request from the Foster and Representative Broussard.

# LOVING CUP FOR JAPAN

## It Will Be the Gift of Men of Atlantic Fleet.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
NEW YORK, September 30.—To show their appreciation of the hospitality to the Japanese fleet, the men of the Atlantic fleet, of sixteen battleships, four cruisers, four destroyers, and two submarines, have subscribed to the fund for the purchase of a loving cup to be presented to the Japanese navy through the State Department.  
The loving cup is a beautiful example of the goldsmith's craft, standing about thirty inches high on an ornate base. It is made of silver and is engraved with the names of the ships of the Atlantic fleet. The cup is to be presented to the Japanese navy through the State Department.  
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# GENERAL EDGERLY TO RETIRE

## He Is Now in Charge of Mounted Service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 30.—The retirement from the army of Brigadier-General Winfield S. Edgerly, commander of the Mounted Service School at Fort Riley, Kan., for physical disability, became a certainty to-day when the Secretary of War, Mr. Taft, issued a statement that that effect were issued at the War Department.  
General Edgerly was visited by a couple of short flights and congratulated Mr. Wright on his success.  
He made a high flight this afternoon. No official measurement was taken, but it was stated that he ascended about 700 feet.

# WOODSTOCK VOTES TO-DAY.

## [Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WOODSTOCK, VA., September 30.—Woodstock will have her third local option election to-morrow, after what is conceded to be the quietest and sanest campaign of the three. No outside help has been used, and there has been no speaking other than a sermon in each of the churches to-night.  
The workers are happy and both sides are confident. The "wets" make no claim for a large majority, saying that a few votes will decide. The "dries" are confident of a majority of twenty. Two years ago the "dries" won by a majority of one.

# WOMEN DRAINED FOR "DRY" VICTORY.

## [Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WINCHESTER, VA., September 30.—The twenty-seventh annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was held here to-day. The convention was held at the Hotel Winchester. The women were drained for the "dry" victory.

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# TAFT DETERMINED FOR SHIP SUBSIDY

## BRYAN TELLS WHY HE WON'T DEBATE

## Fears It Will Augment Dissension and Detract Attention from Issue.

LINCOLN, NEB., September 30.—In explanation of his position on the proposed debate with Senator Bailey, of Texas, at Atlanta, Ga., W. J. Bryan to-day addressed a letter to Clarke Howell, editor of the Atlanta Constitution. The letter follows:  
"I wired you last night that I would communicate with you by letter my reasons for believing a debate inadvisable. When a joint meeting was suggested at El Paso, Tex., I replied to the effect that I am trying to aid in the election of a Democratic majority in the next Congress; that to that end I have suggested a brief tariff plank which I ask Democratic candidates to accept, reject, or amend, and that, believing a debate would tend to turn attention from the issue to individuals, I would not consider the proposition unless it came as a personal request.  
"I might add the further reason that a debate between two Democrats would accentuate the tariff differences that have embarrassed our party in Congress, and give the Republican newspapers a chance to dwell upon Democratic dissension instead of devoting their time to the contest now being waged between the progressive Republicans and the stand-patters.  
"A debate might be pleasing to the audience, but I think the subject which I am endeavoring to present is worthy of calm and serious consideration."  
Very truly yours,  
(Signed) "WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN."

# DECLARES THAT COUNTRY IS READY FOR EXPERIMENT.

## WILL ASK IT IN NEXT MESSAGE

## In Speech at Seattle He Dwells Upon Necessity of Action. Not Yet in Favor of Self-Government for Alaska; Great Crowd Hears Him.

SEATTLE, WASH., September 30.—Speaking before the largest audience he has faced since his trip began—a crowd that overflowed the natural amphitheatre of the Alaska Yukon-Pacific Exposition, with its seating capacity of nearly 20,000—President Taft to-day announced that he would urge in his coming message to Congress the enactment of a ship subsidy law.  
Mr. Taft declared that the country was ready to make such an experiment, and that something must be done to build up an American merchant marine. His utterances on this subject were received with great applause.

# WAR INEVITABLE

## Sooner It Comes the Better It Will Be for England.

NEW YORK, September 30.—"War between England and Germany is inevitable, and the sooner it comes the better for England," was the opinion of a prominent Englishman, who was in New York to-day. He said that the Philippines have had extended to them the matter of a tariff law a measure of justice which ought to have been adopted nine years ago.  
"I am especially interested in Alaska because her development has been delayed by a lack of appropriate legislation, and because I know something of what the lands so far distant need." "Since I last visited the coast I am glad to say that the Philippines have had extended to them the matter of a tariff law a measure of justice which ought to have been adopted nine years ago."

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